

Table 1. Preliminary vegetation classification based on habitat and dominant species and sample numbers for each type

<u>Principal Habitat</u>	<u>Preliminary Community name</u>	<u>Relevés</u>
<i>Dry tundra</i>		
Dry river terraces	<i>Dryas integrifolia-Lupinus arcticus</i>	HV-1, 2, 6, 10,
Partially vegetated river banks	<i>Epilobium-latifolium-Hedysarum alpinum</i>	HV-7, 8, 14, 16
Frost scars	<i>Luzula arctica-Anthelia juratzkana</i>	HV-41, 42b
<i>Snowbeds</i>		
Nonacidic snowbeds	<i>Cassiope tetragona-Dryas integrifolia</i>	HV-17, 22
<i>Moist tundra</i>		
Acidic tussock tundra	<i>Eriophorum vaginatum-Sphagnum</i> sp.	HV-20, 21, 26-30, 32 39, 42a
Moist nonacidic tundra	<i>Carex bigelowii-Tomentypnum nitens</i>	HV-23, 31, 44, 45
<i>Shrublands</i>		
Alder riparian shrubland	<i>Alnus viridis-Climacium dendroides</i>	HV-4, 5
Willow river bars	<i>Salix alaxensis-Shepherdia canadensis</i>	HV-11, 18, 43
Birch-willow streamside	<i>Salix</i> spp.- <i>Betula nana</i>	HV-12, 24, 25
River bluffs	<i>Salix glauca-Lupinus arcticus</i>	HV-13, 15, 19
Birch tundra	<i>Betula nana-Sphagnum</i> sp.	HV-33, 35, 36, 38, 40
<i>Wet tundra</i>		
Wet sedge tundra	<i>Carex aquatilis-Eriophorum angustifolium</i>	HV-9
Wet sedge tundra	<i>Carex chordorrhiza-Sphagnum orientale</i>	HV-47, 51, 54
Sphagnum hummocks	<i>Carex</i> spp.- <i>Sphagnum</i> spp.	HV-34, 37, 49, 50, 52, 53, 55
Deeper water ponds	<i>Comarum palustre-Sparganium hyperboreum</i> <i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i> <i>Arctophila fulva</i>	HV-3 HV-46 HV-48